

THE HAWAIIAN STAR

DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every afternoon (except Sunday) by The Hawaiian Star Newspaper Association, Ltd.

FRANK L. HOOVER, Manager

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1901.

NO REASONS.

The gentlemen of the Home Rule Party who are so anxious to remove Governor Dole, are reckoning without their host. At last reports Governor Dole was in the very best of health and his long rest had been of the utmost value to him. He may be expected to return to his duties very shortly.

One would have thought that the lesson which the Home Rulers received when they sent a member of the House of Representatives to ask President McKinley to remove Governor Dole, would have been taken to heart. The member was very promptly bundled back to the Territory. He was put off with a few polite words, but the snub was plain enough. However, it is plain the lesson has had no effect.

Delegate Wilcox disclaims any hand in the matter, and indeed it would be unwise for him to take a hand. If Hawaii is to get anything from the next Congressional session, the Delegate and the Executive should be in accord. This the Delegate recognizes, and there are much more cordial relations between the two than there used to be formerly.

But Mr. Kaūla is irrepressible. He must keep up an agitation. He has no distinct charges against Governor Dole, but he is in the position of the school boy in Dr. Lytton.

"I do not like thee Dr. Fell, The reason why I cannot tell, B't this I do know very well, I do not like thee Dr. Fell."

Exactly what kind of Governor Mr. Kaūla would like is not quite clear. Of one thing we may be perfectly certain, and that is that whomever the President might appoint, should, by any chance, Governor Dole resign, such appointment would be utterly unsatisfactory to Mr. Kaūla. He does not want a Governor with the material advancement of the Territory at heart, nor does he want a Governor who has the courage of his opinions. He probably wants a Governor who will be absolutely subservient to the radical wing of the Home Rule party, and heaven help the Territory if such an event were to take place.

But Mr. Kaūla is not likely to have his hopes realized. If it pleases him to rant and to roar at an evening, it is his privilege in a free country. So long as he does not disturb the quiet of the night he can hold his meetings every evening of the year, but he will have no more influence upon the current of events than the fly had upon the speed with which the chariot wheel turned.

MINOR INDUSTRIES.

While it is folly to think that the Territory would be benefitted by the abandonment of the sugar plantations and the establishment of truck farms in their stead it is certainly wise to foster the minor industries as much as possible. But minor industries will not flourish unless there is a major industry. For instance beef is now bringing a big price on the hoof, such prices for bullocks have never been realized for years, and a cattle ranch today is a small bonanza.

But it was not always so. When our sugar industry was at a low ebb, in the early seventies, cattle were a drug on the market. The whaling fleet was gone, which had afforded a market for salt beef, and the sugar industry was just struggling for life.

In 1875 our sugar export was 12,500 tons, in 1899 the sugar export was 272,000 tons. The value of the small industry depends upon the ability to dispose of its products. If you have a hundred or a thousand or ten thousand small farms, and you cannot export their products to great advantage, your small farmers are ruined and you have widespread distress. As long as we have a large industry like sugar small industries will flourish, but destroy your large or main industry and your small industries will languish and die. This is specially true of an isolated place such as this Territory is. We are 2100 miles from our nearest market, which means one week away. The small industries of California and the surrounding states can get their products to market at the great centers in from twenty-four to forty-eight hours.

We do not utilize, however, all our opportunities for small industries. We make absolutely no use of the tens of thousands of coconut trees which fringe the coast of Puna. The trees drop their fruit to the ground, and when the spirit moves him the owner will go round with an ax and split them, whereupon the pigs, the regular old razor backs, make a hearty meal, and are presently dished up at a luau. Yet there is considerable money in copra, and if copra is manufactured into one of its many products, there is still more money in it.

At Mannheim in Germany there is quite a large manufactory for the conversion of copra into butter, known as "Palmin" or Copra butter, and is used as a substitute for butter or lard in cooking. A report on this butter by Consul Harris says:

"The proprietors claim an analysis of their product shows it to contain more than 99 per cent of vegetable fat with but a light trace of water, while ordinary butter contains about 85 per cent of fat and nearly 15 per cent of water. It is stated that the substance does not become rancid easily, that it will keep

for three or four months in a cool room, and that it is much more wholesome and easily digested than the ordinary fats used for baking and cooking. For this reason, the product has met with considerable favor in German hospitals and other institutions, and for use in army camps.

"Copra" butter is generally put up in square packages wrapped in parchment paper, a small percentage being sold in tin cans. The latter are hermetically sealed for shipment during hot weather. The product is sold at one price throughout Germany, namely, about 16 cents per pound, or about half the price of ordinary butter.

"The kernel of the coconut is imported in thoroughly dried strips, forming the 'copra' of commerce. It is subjected to various refining processes by which all the free acids and other substances are separated, leaving only the vegetable fat. In the latter stages of the manufacture the product resembles ordinary butter recently churned. It is placed in machines similar to the separators used in creameries, in which the water and other foreign substances are separated by centrifugal force. In the manufacture of copra butter a by-product, consisting of free acids and other substances, is obtained and sold to soap manufacturers."

Here is a minor industry ready at hand. Like all industries it requires capital, but if the manufacture can be carried on profitably in Germany, it ought to be carried on equally profitably here. We import large quantities of Oleomargarine there is no reason why we should not manufacture, consume and export our own vegetable fat. In point of fact the copra industry has been woefully neglected here. The groves have been allowed to die out, and the trees have not been replaced. Copra nuts will flourish where nothing else will flourish and they should form a leading feature in our minor industries.

The Hall Company, in spite of the fire, will rise like a Phoenix from its ashes. In point of fact the firm will probably be stronger than ever, and rest upon a broader basis. The fire was a calamity but it was not irreparable. Energy and determination can do everything in overcoming the most serious of setbacks. Some of our most prosperous men, both past and present are examples of this.

The small boy is displaying his skill in petty thievery. These petty thieves are mostly Portuguese. They begin by small pilfering from lumber piles and fruit stores and they end by committing worse crimes. Every effort should be made to establish the industrial school. But such a building cannot be erected in a day. The legislature crippled the institution by granting very inadequate funds, but it is quite possible that private assistance may be obtained for providing this most necessary institution.

The Hagey Cure expose in the Court is rather amusing. Like so many of these things the Hagey cure was a fake. The men who manipulated it here at first carried their fake through by their personal magnetism, just as the fakir at a fair persuades a bumpkin to buy a toothache cure. The original Hageyists sold their gold brick to people here, who in turn handed it on. Except the first sellers, the rest may have been perfectly honest in their transactions. But the fact stands forth that these supposed cures are the most arrant fakes put upon a gullible public.

The strike fever seems to have reached our own Territory. The strikes initiated have not proved a marked success however. With a multiplicity of races it is difficult to get unanimity of action. If the Portuguese don't want to work, the Japanese or Porto Ricans do want to work, and are ready to pick up jobs at two dollars a day on the water front. There is not the reserve power for a long strike here that there is on the mainland. Moreover considerable numbers of the laboring population has been indulging in a long holiday, and the surplus funds are about exhausted.

An investigation into the cause of the fire was the only way to meet the rumor that the Stock Yards had been set on fire by an incendiary. The jury that has been called is a representative one and will certainly be anxious to sift the matter to the bottom. Until the matter is so sifted and a verdict returned, it might be well for people to refrain from saying "Certainly the place was set on fire maliciously. In many cities the suspected men would have been hanged before this." Such talk is of no advantage to the community and that because a man is suspected he should be hanged is by no means justice. Why we have self-confessed murderers let loose by legal means.

Free delivery of letters from house to house has proved an initial success. As time goes on, and the men get better acquainted with their beats, the advantages of delivery will be more and more appreciated. The numbering of the houses, however, should be fully carried out. At present, after a sort of spasmodic effort along the principal streets, the numbering fever seems to have died out completely. If the survey office would only have a series of maps and have the different house lots numbered on them, people could number their houses in any manner they pleased from china plates, brass numbers to roughly painted figures. What is needed is some definite system of numbering.

Are you troubled with Cock-roaches in your house? If you are try

Hollister's Roach Food

A non-poisonous powder, but greedily eaten by Roaches and causing their death and disappearance.

Price 25 cents per Can

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

Fort Street, Honolulu

VARIETY

IS THE SPICE OF LIFE!

Have you seen the variety of articles now displayed in our front windows?

Following is a partial list:

Rose Sprinklers	Breeding Cages
Dust Pans and Brushes	Parrot Cages
Busters	W. W. Brushes
Paint Brushes	Whisk Brooms
Floor Brooms	Hand Belows
Cash Boxes	Hunting Knives
Ases	Butcher Knives
Hatchets	Kitchen Knives
Stove Polish	Monkey Wrenches
Stove Brushes	Lemon Squeezers
Picture Hooks	Carpenter's Saws
Picture Wire	Family Meat Saws
Curry Combs	Butcher Scales
Machine Oil	Spring Balances
Shoe Blacking	Family Scales
Silver Polish	Bird Cage Springs
Sapolin	Carpenter's Rules
Silex	Harness Soap
Butcher Steels	Harness Blacking
Ice Chippers	Chamois Skins
Ice Shaves	Meat Choppers
Rat Traps	Butcher's Cleavers
Wood Saws	Family Cleavers
Ice Saws	Garden Trowels
Butcher Saws	Garden Forks
Cane Knives	Tea Strainers
Cork Screws	Chandelier Hooks
Can Openers	Squeeze Brushes
Harness Oil	Tobacco Cutters
Coffee Mills	Axle Grease
Harness	Tape Measures
Call Bells	Shelf Baskets
Scissors	Scrubbing Brushes
Screw Drivers	Upholstering Nails
Tacks	Washing Ammonia
Ice Picks	Horse Brushes
Grass Shears	Wire Door Mats
Bird Cages	Bird Cage Hooks
Family Grind Stones	Hooks and Eyes
	Fruit Presses
	Pruning Shears
	Shoe Brushes

W. W. DIMOND & CO., LIMITED

IMPORTERS OF

Crockery, Glass and House Furnishing Utensils

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED JEWEL STOVES AND GURNEY REFRIGERATORS.

The Lace House

Ladies' Cloth Capes

We have just received a sample line —ONE of a kind—they are the very latest

The Kangaroo Belts

In pleated satin, something very nobby

Ladies' Sailor Collars

In fine white lawn, lace and embroidery trimmed. Just right for this warm weather

M. BRASCH & CO.

PHONE 157

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT, PACIFIC HARDWARE COMPANY, LTD.

Bethel Street, next to Castle & Cooke

New Goods Constantly Arriving

Dinner Sets at \$13.50 and upward

Toilet " 3.00 " "

Filters at.....2.50 " "

FINE CUT GLASS

Sole Agents for Wilcox & Gibbs New Automatic Sewing Machines in 12 different styles. New Idea and Pan-American Sewing Machines.

A full assortment of Royal Steel Ware at prices that cannot be beaten.

BEAVER LUNCH ROOM, Fort Street, Opposite Wilder & Co. H. J. NOLTE, Prop'r.

First-class Lunches served with tea, coffee, soda water, ginger ale & milk. Smokers Requisites a Specialty.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS (COMPANY, LTD.) Esplanade, cor. Allen and Fort Sts.

Manufacturers of Soda Water, Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla, Root Beer, Cream Soda, Strawberry, etc., etc.

CLOSING OF OUR HILO BRANCH

Great Sale of this Big Stock Now on at Our Queen Street Store

We are overcrowded, must make Room Right Away

Bargains in Dresses, Bargains in Underclothing, Bargains in Towels and Sheetings, Bargains in Boys' Clothing, Bargains in Men's Shirts,

We Want to Close Out Every Line in this Store The Sale will last for Three Weeks Only

L. B. KERR & CO., LTD.